

# Level 2 Tutor Ebook

## Learning outcomes

- 1. Sort familiar foods according to food group, e.g. fruit/vegetable, meat/fish, dairy.
- 2. Describe typical foods and drinks associated with a well-balanced diet.
- 3. List common consequences of good diet, e.g., healthy heart, strong bones, clear skin, dental health.
- 4. Participate in the preparation of healthy meals, e.g. breakfast and lunch /dinner.
- 5. Identify common safe practices associated with food preparation and storage, e.g. separating raw/cooked meat in a domestic fridge.
- 6. Demonstrate appropriate food hygiene and safety practices.

## Key facts about food



- Food is a basic requirement of life.
- People choose different types of food to eat.
- We need a variety of foods to stay healthy.

## Describe a type of food you enjoy.



Talk about it.

- The colour of this food is.....
- I like this food because.....
- The texture of this food is crunchy/smooth/soft/furry/dry/ moist....
- The shape of this food is......

## Major Food Groups

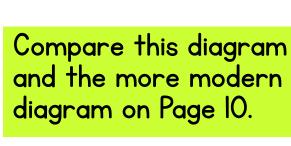


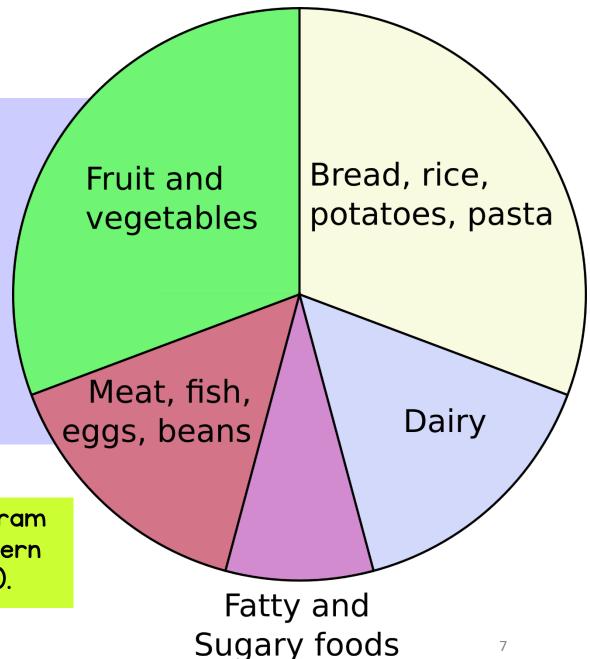
## All the food groups

We can enjoy nutritious foods from different food groups. Look at the diagram. Compare it with the diagram on Page 10 Bread, rice, Fruit and vegetables potatoes, pasta Meat, fish, **Dairy** eggs, beans Fatty and Sugary foods

## Major food groups

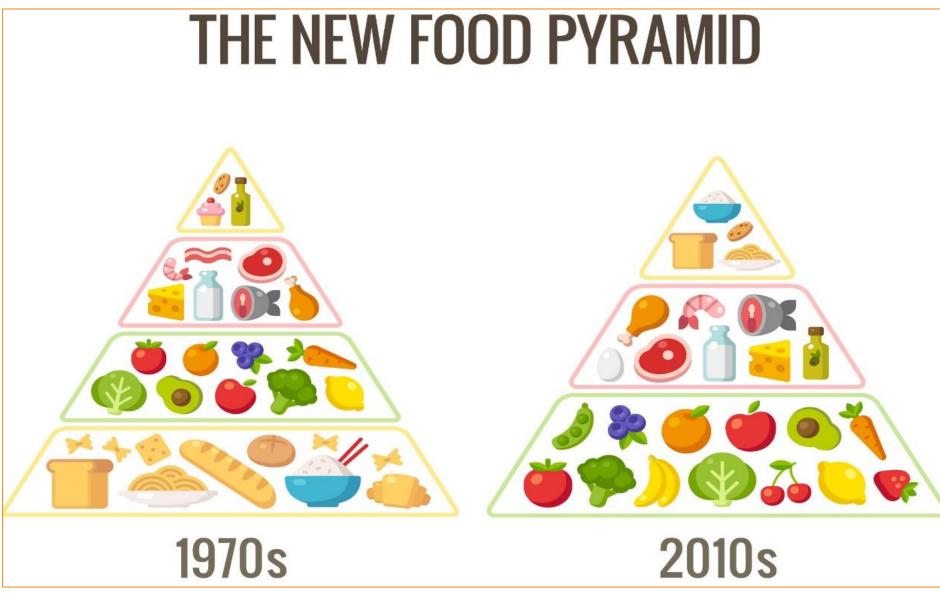
- Bread, rice, potatoes, pasta
- Fruit and vegetables
- Fatty and sugary foods
- Dairy products
- Meat, fish, eggs and beans





## The food pyramid

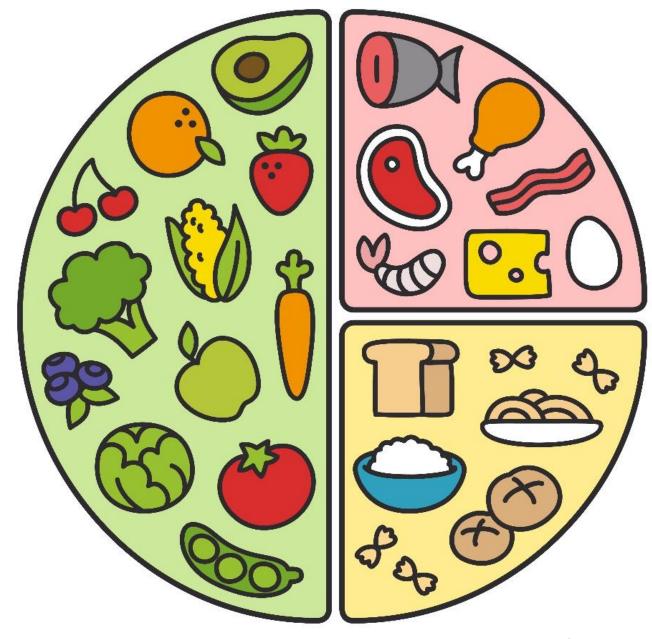
Latest scientific research suggests that HALF of what we eat should be vegetables and fruit. Although wholegrains are good for us, we should cut down on all refined foods, such as white bread.



## Healthy plate

This diagram clearly shows that half our diet should be fruit and vegetables.





## Bread, rice, potatoes, pasta

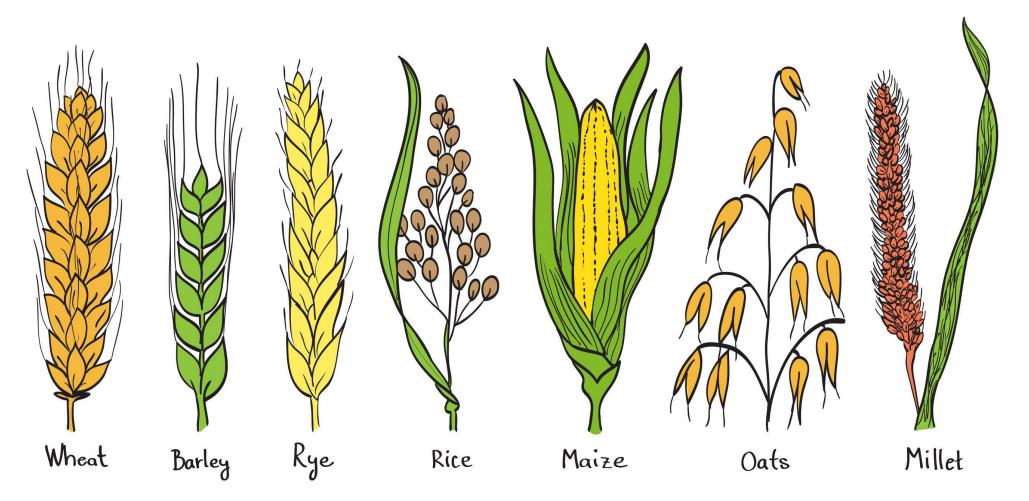




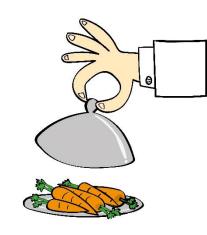
- Grains are foods like cereal, bread, spaghetti, rice and crackers.
- Grains give you **energy**.
- Try to eat whole grains.

## Talk about these.

# Cereals



## Vegetables





- Vegetables are foods like broccoli, carrots, green beans, potatoes, spinach, and corn.
- Vegetables help keep you healthy and feeling good.
- Eat at least one dark green vegetable or one orange vegetable each day.

#### White Onion **Tomato** Cucumber **Purple Onion** Garlic Carrot Lettuce Mushroom Red Cabbage White Cabbage Radish Zucchini **Potato** Eggplant Yellow Pepper Red Pepper Artichoke Corn **Beet** Broccoli Avocado Spinach Cauliflower Celery Red Chili Green Chili **Sweet Potato** Green Bean Kohlrabi Olives Pumpkin Fennel **Spring Onion** Turnip Asparagus

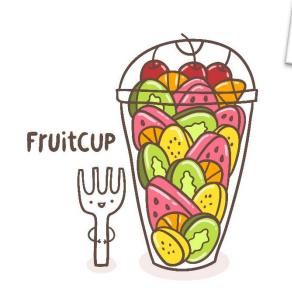
## Fruit

Some fruits are apples, pears, melons, bananas, grapes and

blueberries.

• Fruits fight off infections and help you heal.

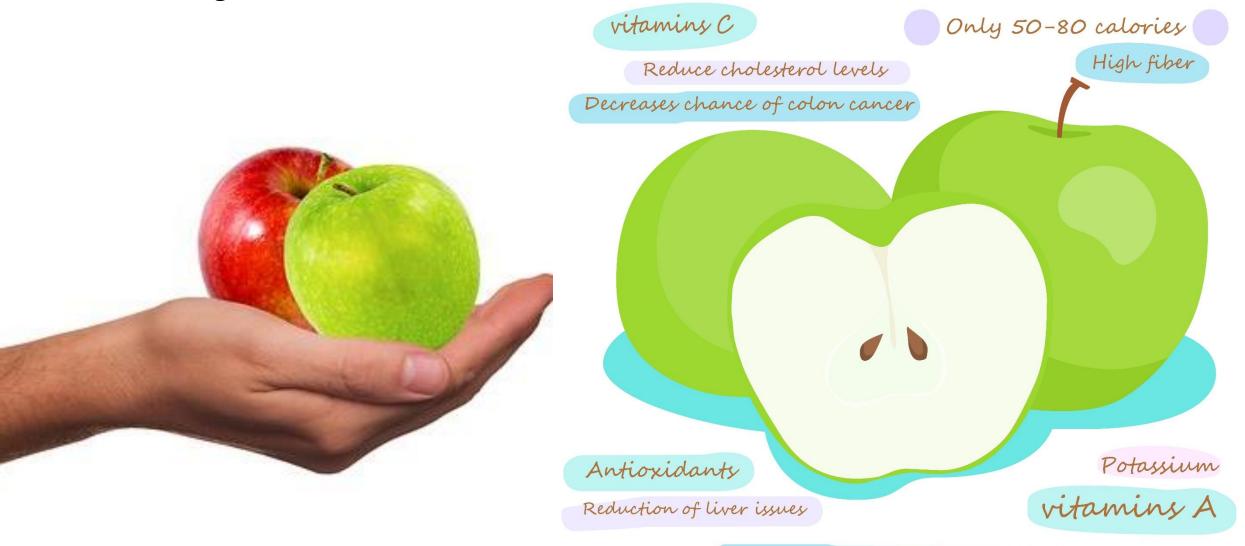
You should eat fruit every day.





## Healthy apples

## 10 HEALTH BENEFITS OF GREEN APPLES



Reduction of liver and digestive tract issues

## Dairy products

- This group includes foods like milk, yoghurt, cheese and ice cream.
- Foods from the milk group have calcium, which helps to grow strong bones and healthy teeth.



## Meat, fish, eggs and beans

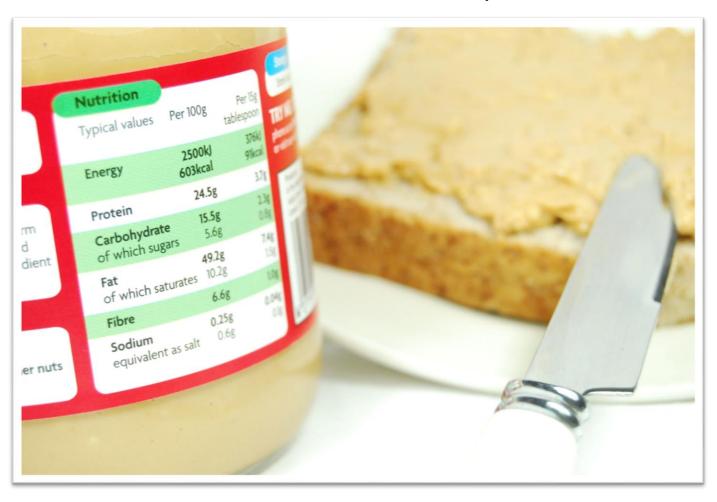




- The meats and beans group includes foods like beef, lamb, burgers, chicken, fish, eggs, beans and nuts.
- The foods in this group are full of **protein** to help you build strong muscles.
- Try to eat leaner, less fatty meats to keep your heart healthy.

## Is this healthy?

Read the food label. Find your own find label.





## Sugary foods

Your body needs the least amount of these.



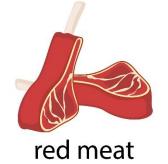
#### Foods that Can Trigger a Stroke

## Avoid these....





sausage











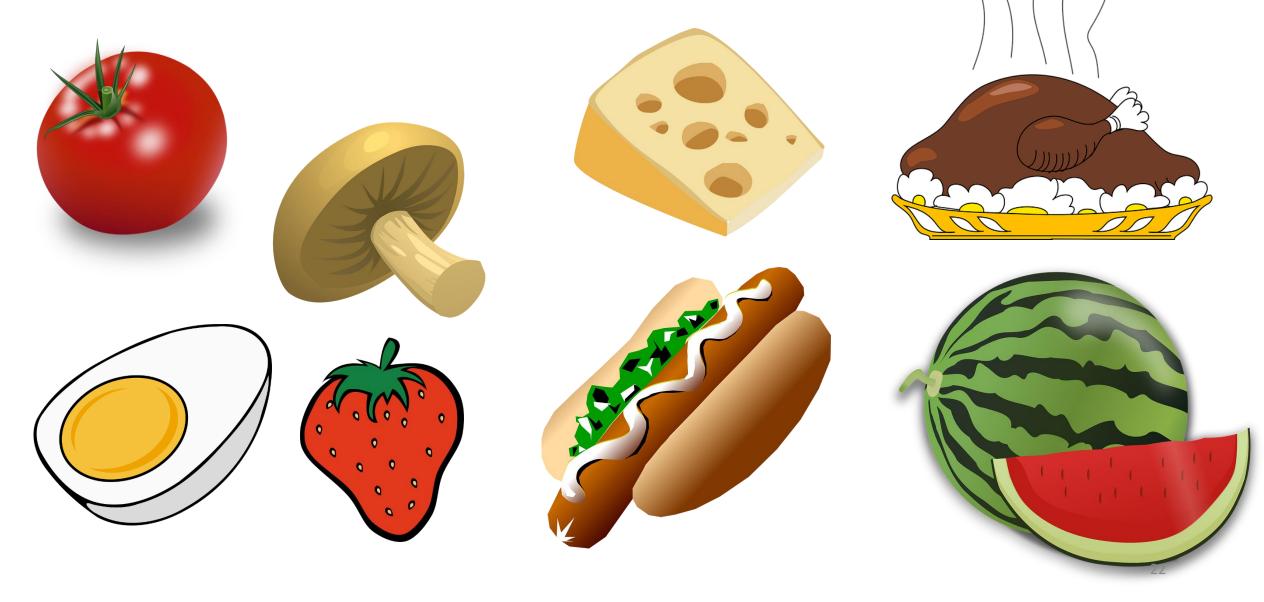








# To which food groups do these belong?



## Name the food groups here.



## Elements of a healthy diet



## What is nutrition?

- Nutrition is eating the right kind of food so you can be healthy.
- Better nutrition means better health.



## Not just 5 a day!



- Five portions of fruit and vegetables a day may no longer be enough! (according to new research)
- In the research, having at least **seven** portions of fresh fruit and vegetables a day was associated with a 42% lower risk of death from all causes

## Did you know ....?

- · Canned, dried and frozen fruits and vegetables still count towards your 5 A DAY.
- · It's best to eat a range of colours of fruits and vegetables (for different nutrients)

· Potatoes don't count towards your 5 A DAY (but they're still

important to help you stay healthy)



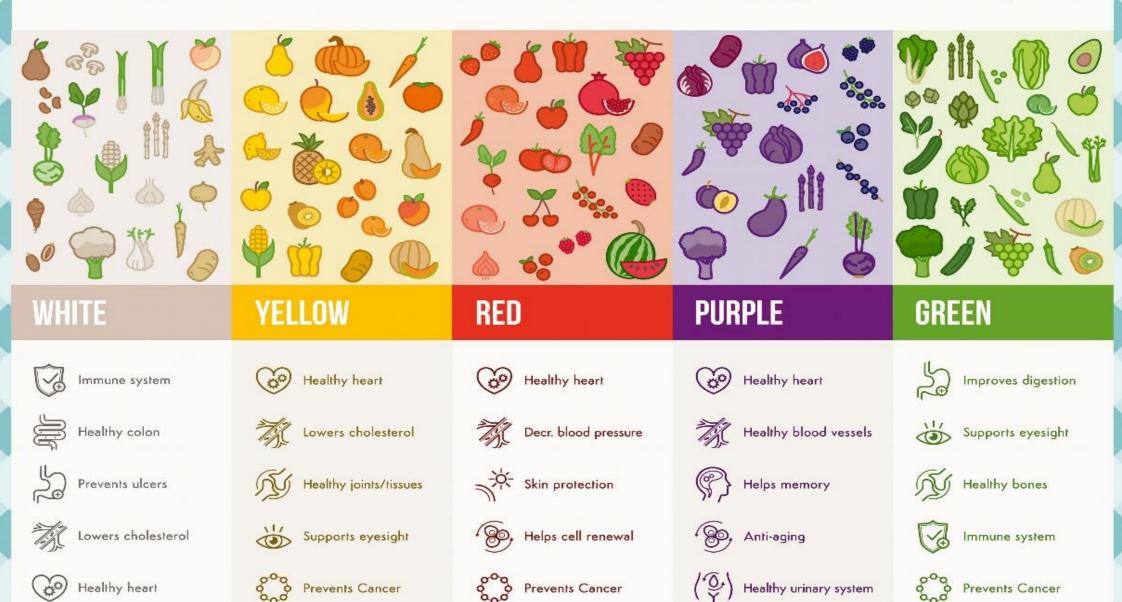






#### Eat a rainbow

#### Fruit and vegetables nutrients by color



# Sodium (salt)



- Choose foods with less salt (sodium)
- Be careful of foods that come in boxes, bags or cans because they are often high in salt.
- Read the food label and choose the food with less sodium.

## High fibre

- I. Fresh fruit and vegetables have fibre.
- 2. Try eat whole grains, e.g. bread, rice.
- 3. Drink plenty of water to help the fibre go through your body.



## High fibre cont.



- The peels of fruits like apples have lots of fibre in them, so make sure to eat the skin too.
- Put seeds in your salad to add some extra flavour.
- Beans and nuts are a great source of fibre and protein!

## Reduce sugar, salt and cholesterol

- Use food labels to help guide you.
- Choose the food item that is lower in sodium, unsaturated fats and sugar.
- Eat more fresh foods; they do not have extra sugar and fat.
- Cook at home. It is the best way to control how much fat, salt and sugar is added to your foods.



## Reduce sugar, salt and cholesterol



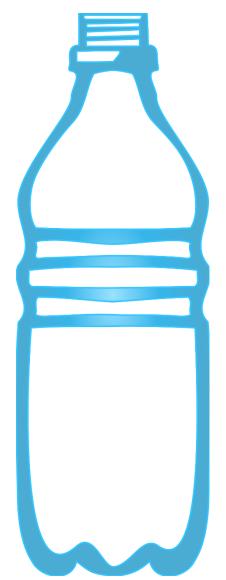
- Drink more water.
- Don't buy sugary drinks like soda, fruit juices and sports drinks.
- Sweeten your water with natural fruits.
- Look for foods that have unsaturated fats.
- Avoid foods with trans fats; these fats are especially harmful to your heart.

## Foods to avoid

sweet biscuits, cakes, desserts and pastries; processed meats and fattier/salty sausages; sweetened condensed milk; ice cream and frozen desserts; confectionary and chocolate; savoury pastries and pies; burgers with a high fat and/or salt content; fried foods; potato chips, crisps and other fatty and/or salty snack foods including some savoury biscuits; cream, butter and spreads which are high in saturated fats; sugar-sweetened soft drinks, sports and energy drinks and alcoholic drinks.



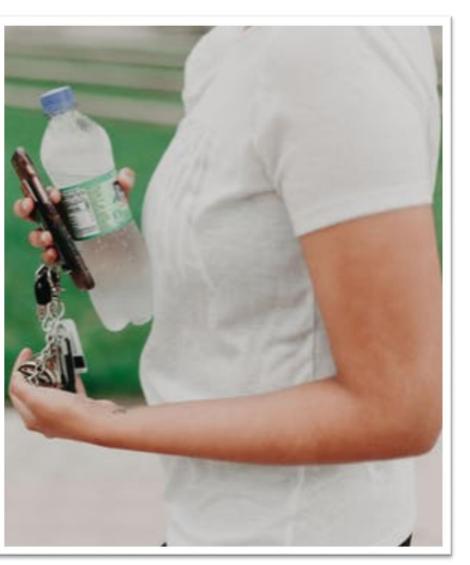
## Tips for eating healthy



- Stay hydrated.
- Drink water. This will help you reduce cravings and feel fuller.
- Don't skip meals.
- Eat at about the same time each day, if you can.
- Get active!
- Plan your meals.
- Buy healthy food at the shop.



## Drink water every day





### Calorie count

### Food Amount Calories

- Bacon 2 slices 92
- Brown rice 1/2 cup 108
- Carrots I/2 cup 26
- Egg 2 **204**
- 1% Milk I cup 105
- Oatmeal I/2 cup 83
- Pancakes 2 medium 350
- Strawberries I/2 cup 30
- Omelette 2 eggs 320
- Whole grain toast I slice 75



Look at the calories (in red):

- a) Which food has the most calories?
- b) Which food has the least calories?
- c) How many calories are there in 2 slices of bacon?

## Tracking your lunch



### Take note of what you have for lunch in one week:

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
						38

### Healthy snacks

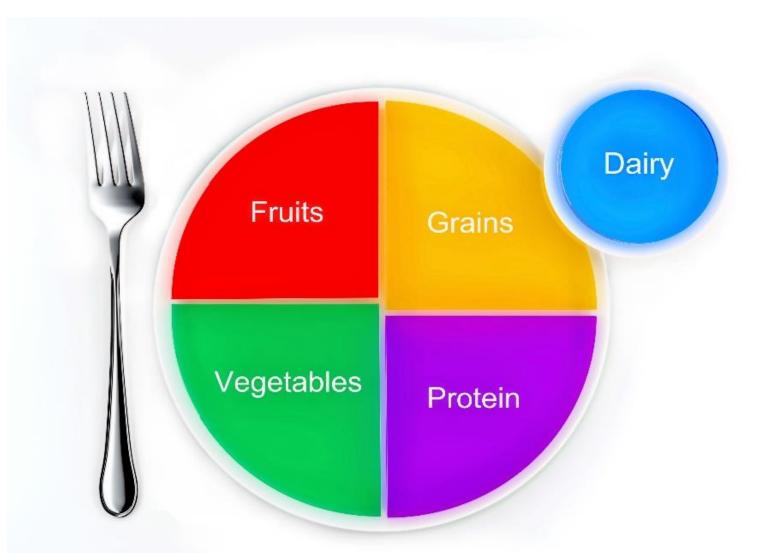
- Almonds mixed with dried fruit
- Chopped raw vegetables and Fresh fruits dip
- Chunks of avocado, cucumber, or cooked sweet potato
- Breadsticks with hummus
- Pretzels or popcorn
- Tortilla chips with bean dip
- Toasted whole grain breads or crackers with fruit spread
- Mini rice cakes with peanut butter

- Apple slices with hazelnut butter
- Dried fruits, especially raisins
- Frozen bananas blended with a little non-dairy milk
- Applesauce or other fruit cups
- Soy yoghurt
- Soup with added vegetables





### Balanced meals





Look at the Meals Slides and talk about which meals are healthy and balanced.



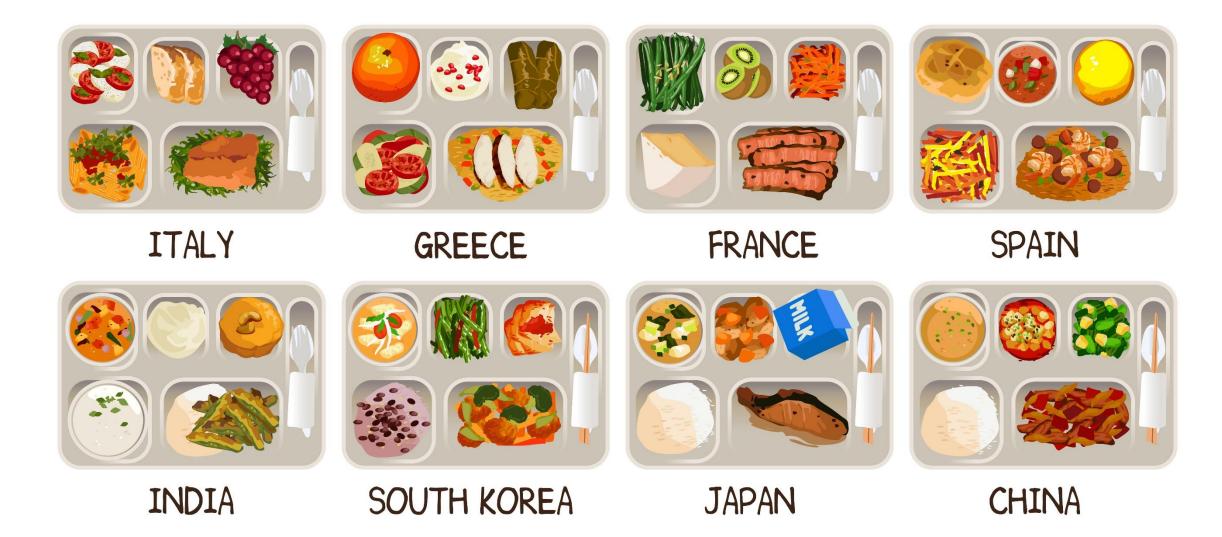






### Lunches around the world

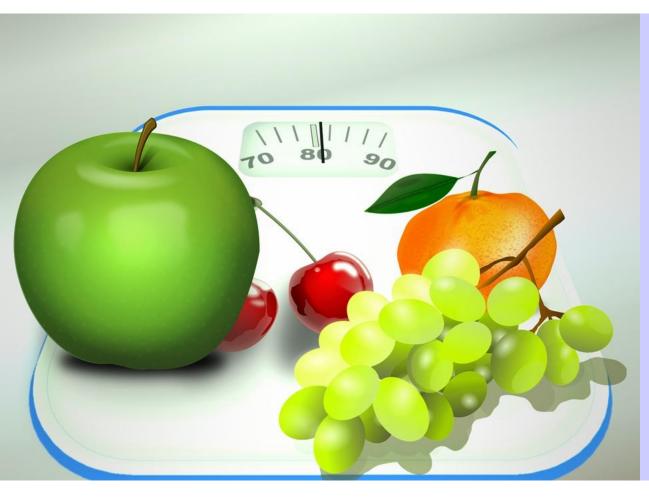
What would Ireland's lunch box look like?



# Benefits of a healthy diet



### Controls your weight

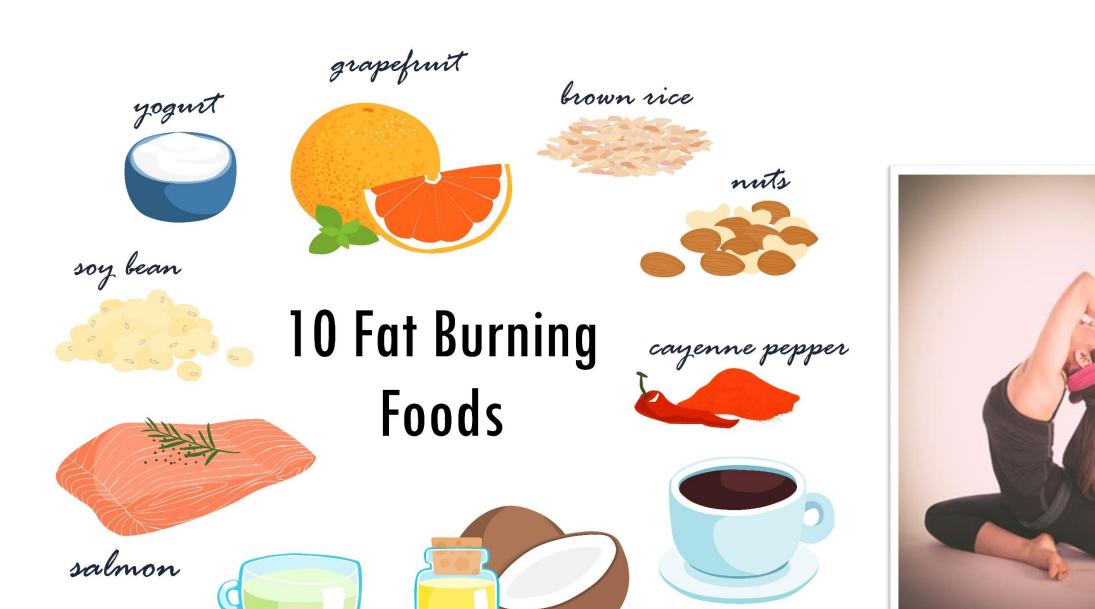


- Eating a balanced diet can help control weight.
- Start the day with a healthy breakfast.
- Have at least five servings of fruits and vegetables per day. (low in calories and high in nutrients)

# How many kg does this scale show?







coconut oil

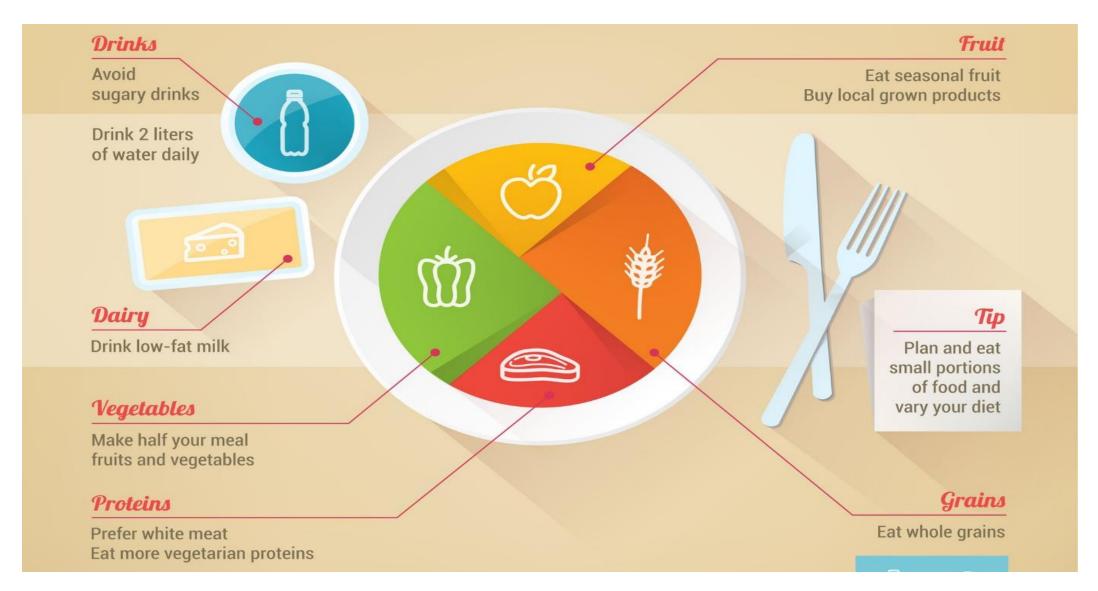
green tea

### Improves your mood

- Eating a healthy diet and exercising can improve your mood.
- It can make you happier.
- Eating healthy will also help you feel more relaxed.
- You will cope better with stress.



# Plan your meal



# Why eat fruit and veg?

- Fruit and vegetables help to keep our bodies **healthy**.
- Fruit and vegetables have nutrients which our bodies need, e.g. vitamins, fibre.
- Our bodies needs nutrients to grow, get energy and stay healthy.
- Eat at least five portions every day.

























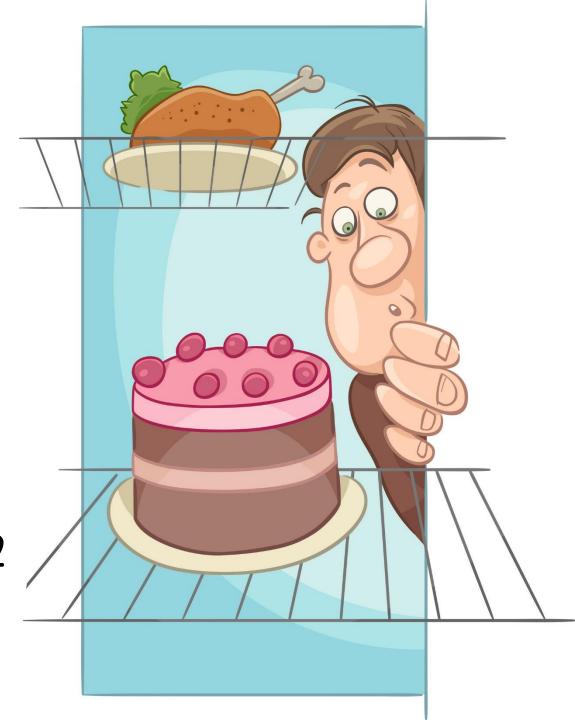
### Combats diseases

- Healthy eating habits can help prevent certain health conditions—such as heart disease, stroke, and high blood pressure.
- Healthy eating can keep cholesterol and blood pressure levels low.
- Exercise and a proper diet can help you prevent or manage a wide range of other health problems, e.g. diabetes, depression, certain types of cancer, and arthritis.



# Staying healthy

- Stay away from food with higher levels of kilojoules, saturated fat, added sugars, added salt and/or alcohol.
- They are associated with increased risk of obesity and chronic disease such as heart disease, stroke, type 2 diabetes, and some forms of cancer.



### Boosts energy

When you eat a balanced diet including whole grains, lean meats, dairy products, and fruits and vegetables, your body has the fuel that it needs to manage your energy level.



### Better learning



Healthy students learn better. People with good nutrition are more productive and can think better! Your brain needs quality fuel to run efficiently. You will be able to think better, and do more, when your brain is working properly!

# Improves longevity

When you practise healthy habits, you boost your chances of a longer life.



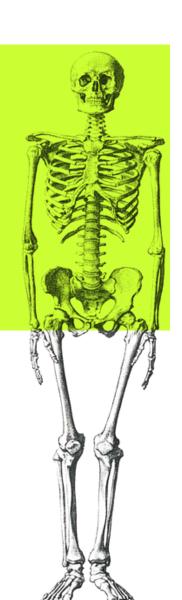


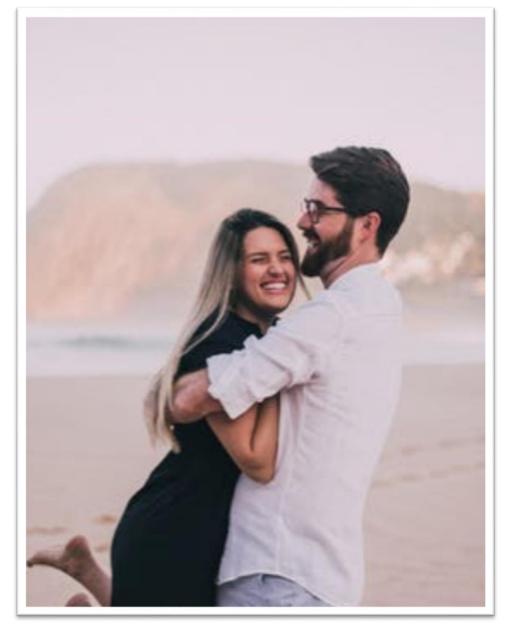
# Eating can be a social event



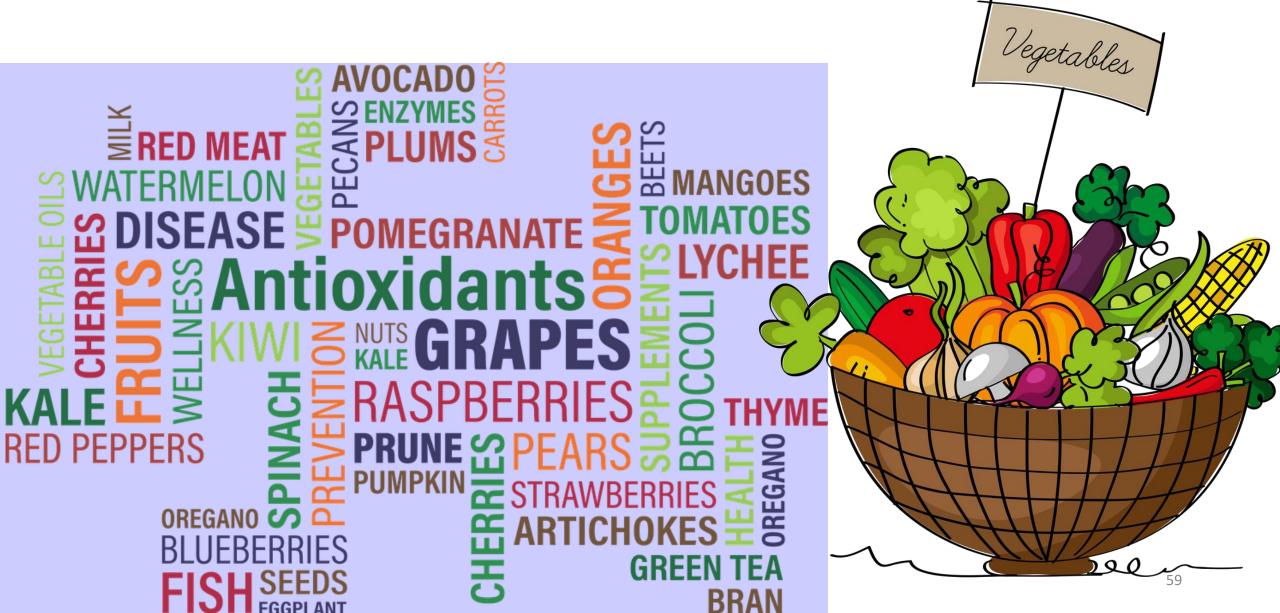
### A balanced diet.....

- Helps growth and development
- Gives you strong bones
- Helps dental health
- Improves your appearance





### Read the words...



# Top Ten Tips To A Healthy Happy Heart

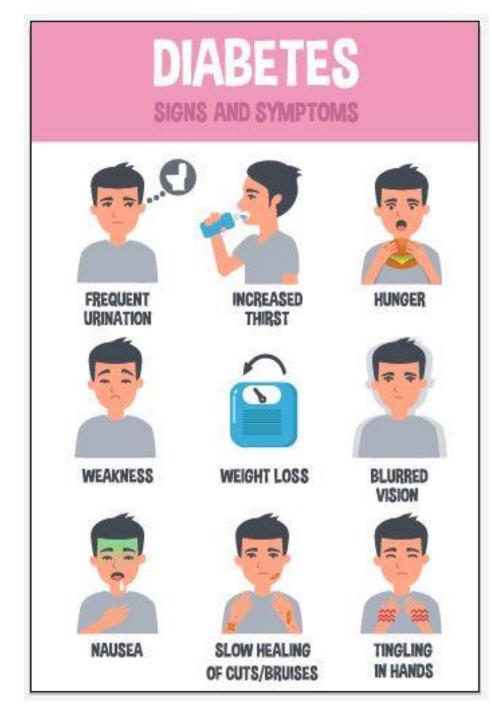
- I. Add some fibre to your breakfast.
- 2. Eat your fruit with the peel on!
- 3. Include some berries in your smoothie.
- 4. Go low fat with your cheese.
- 5. Say no to transfat! Read the food labels.
- 6. Change your grains (bread, crackers, pasta and tortillas) to 100% whole grains.
- 7. Add some beans to your dinner.
- 8. Add a handful of nuts in your salad, low fat yogurt, or as a little snack.
- 9. Put the music on and dance!
- 10. Your heart is a muscle and loves a good workout. It needs exercise every day to be strong.



### Diabetes

The number of people in the world who have diabetes is growing.





### CANCER **FIGHTING FOODS**





FISH



**AVOCADO** 







CARROT



**MUSHROOMS** 



**GARLIC** 



**SEEDS** 



SPINACH



**BROCCOLI** 



NUTS



## **HEALTHY EATING**













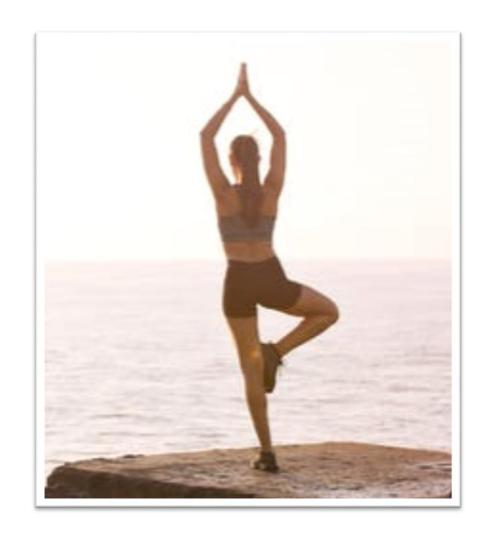






**IS REAL FAST FOOD** 

# Life balance





# THE SIX BEST DOCTORS



SUNSHINE



WATER



REST











# Preparation of healthy meals











### French toast



### **Directions**

- Measure flour into a large mixing bowl. Slowly whisk in the milk. Whisk in the salt, eggs, cinnamon, vanilla extract and sugar until smooth.
- Heat a lightly oiled frying pan over medium heat.
- Soak bread slices in mixture until saturated. Cook bread on each side until golden brown. Serve hot.

# Circle the ingredients.

### How to make chicken breast

- I. Preheat oven to 200 degrees C.
- 2. Rub chicken breasts with olive oil.
- 3. Sprinkle both sides with salt and barbecue seasoning.
- 4. Place chicken in a pan.
- 5. Bake in the oven for 10 minutes. ...
- 6. Remove chicken from pan.



# Making a potato bake

What is the recipe?





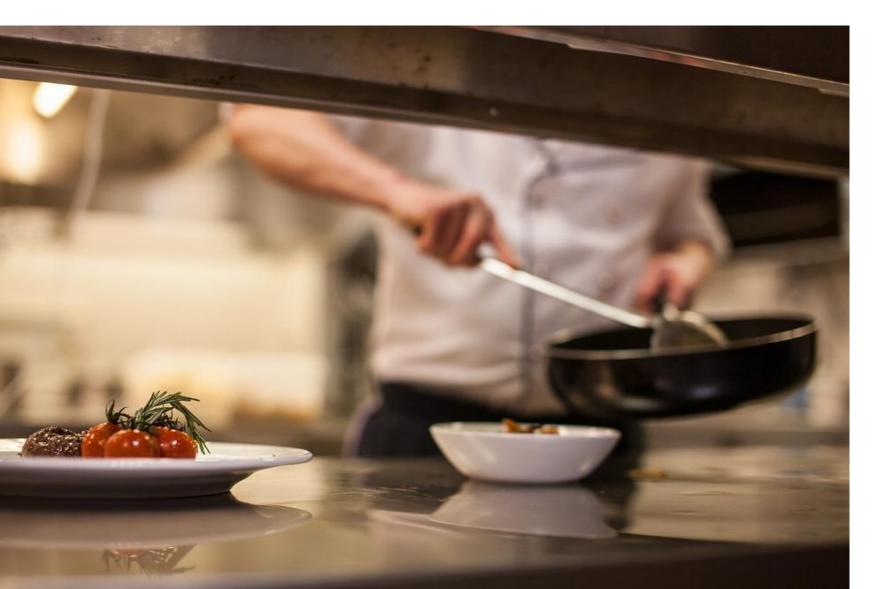
# Tips for healthy eating

#### Things I will do:

- Eat a healthy breakfast
- Drink less soda
- Choose low-fat or fat-free milk
- Look for healthy recipes
- Learn to read the Nutrition Facts label
- Try to make sure to get enough calcium
- Cut down on salty foods and snacks
- Avoid eating while watching TV
- Aim for making half my plate fruits and veggies
- Switch to healthier snacks, like carrot sticks or air-popped popcorn
- Eat fish or other seafood twice a week
- Think about how terrific it is to take care of my health!



# Preparing balanced meals



- Assist in the preparation of a well-balanced breakfast dish or meal
- Assist in the preparation of a well-balanced lunch or dinner dish or meal

# Kitchen health and safety



# The Basics: Clean, Separate, Cook and Chill

You can help prevent food poisoning from bacteria and

viruses by following simple steps:

- l. Clean
- 2. Separate
- 3. Cook
- 4. Chill





#### water © 2 min

**25-63%** 



peel and water

₫ 5-10 min **27-72%** 



charcoal powder

**©** 20 min

2 %





boil

5 5 min

**3** 50%

x4L



Vinegar **©** 10-15 min

₡ 60-84%



water from washing rice

3 10 min

**29-38%** 



salt

**3 10 min** 

**27-38%** 



soak **©** 15 min

**(2)** 7-33%





baking soda **Ö** 15 min

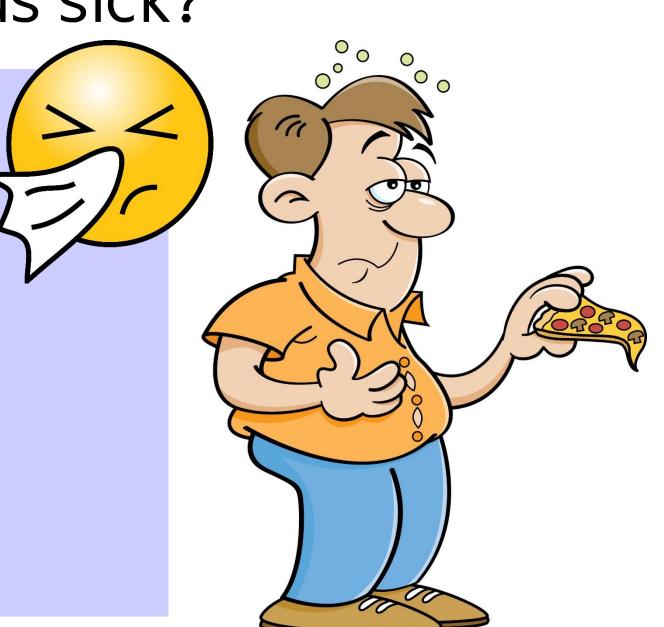
**3** 90-95%



#### How can food make us sick?

#### Food can be contaminated by:

- Bacteria on hands
- Uncovered coughs and sneezes
- Storing food incorrectly
- Mixing raw and cooked food
- Undercooked foods
- Leaving food out
- Unclean kitchen



#### Clean

- Wash your hands with warm water and soap for at least 20 seconds before and after you touch food.
- Wash countertops often.
- Wash kitchen items, e.g. chopping boards, with hot soapy water.
- Rinse fresh fruits and vegetables under running tap water.



# Separate foods

- Don't mix raw with cooked!
- Separate raw meat, poultry, seafood and eggs from other foods.
- Use separate chopping boards.
- Keep raw foods separate from cooked foods.



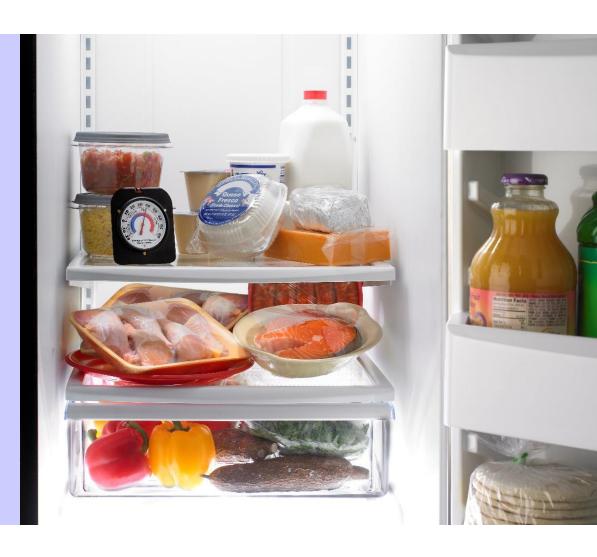
### Cook

- Cook foods to the right temperature.
- You can use a food thermometer.
- Cook eggs until the yolk and white are firm, not runny.
- Make sure there are no cold spots in food.
- Rotate the dish once or twice during cooking.



#### Chill

- Refrigerate right away don't wait..
- Food must be kept at a safe temperature when defrosting it. There are three safe ways to defrost food: in the refrigerator, in cold water, and in the microwave.
- Food thawed in cold water or in the microwave should be cooked immediately.
- Always marinate food in the refrigerator.
- Don't forget to throw out food that has been in the refrigerator for more than four days.



## Hazards

• Can you see any hazards?



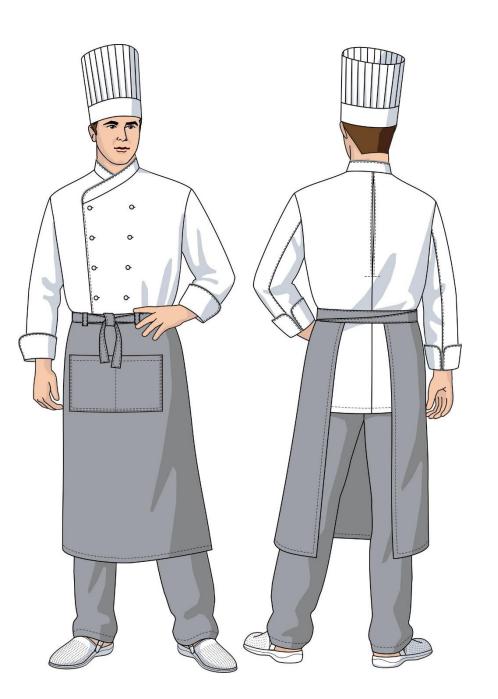


# Fire safety





# KITCHEN TIP: KEEP BAKING SODA ON HAND TO COMBAT CULINARY FIRES **₷StateFarm**®



Why wear an apron?



# Hygiene in the kitchen

- Tie long hair back.
- Take off any jewellery.
- Wash your hands with soap and water.
- Make sure your working surface is clean and has been disinfected.
- If you need to sneeze or cough, move away from the food to do it.
- Throw away any food that has fallen on the floor.
- Wash your hands again if you lick your fingers, sneeze, cough or touch your hair.





### Read the words.



## Different diets



















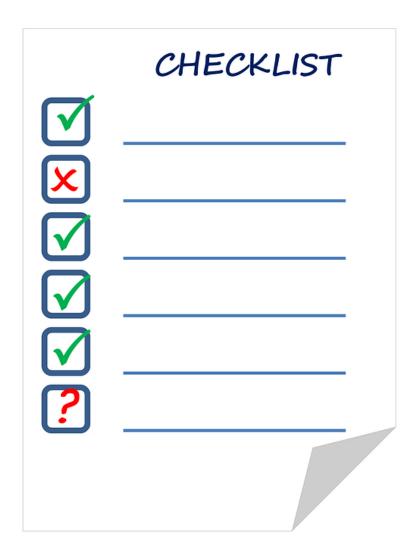








### Checklist



Fill in the checklist. Tick the health, safety and hygiene procedures you followed in the kitchen.